# Initial Safety and Efficacy Data from Nexicart-2, the First U.S. Trial of a CAR-T (NXC-201) in Relapsed or Refractory (R/R) Light Chain (AL)

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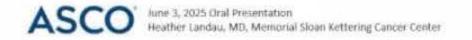
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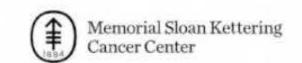


### Overview / Conclusion

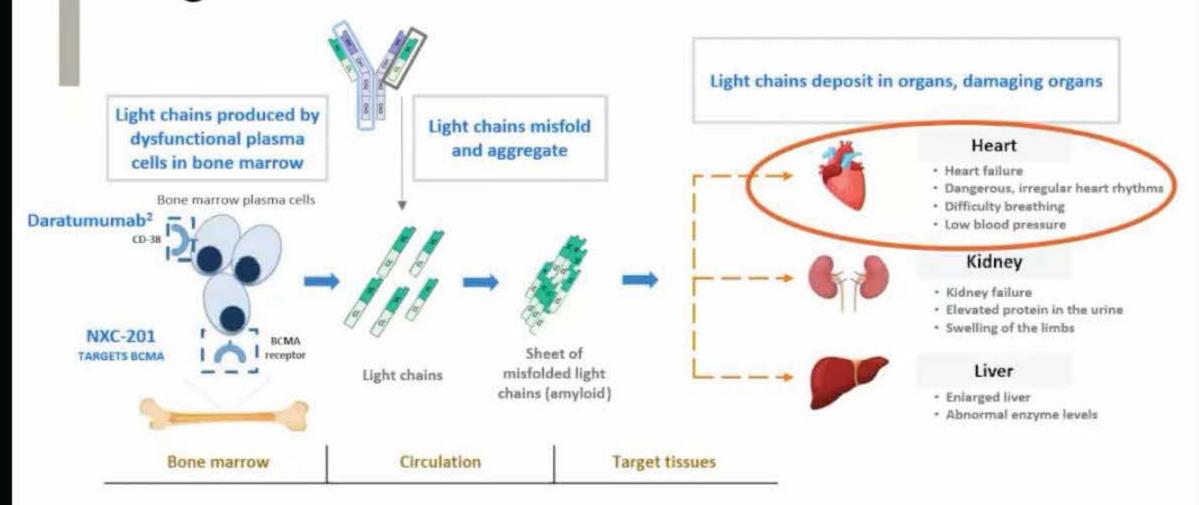
- Initial results from Nexicart-2 suggest NXC-201 can be administered safely & efficiently to patients with relapsed/refractory (R/R) AL amyloidosis
  - mild + manageable CRS and no neurotoxicity
- 100% experienced rapid and deep hematologic responses
  - Organ responses in 80% evaluable patients
- To date, no hematologic relapse or progression observed

Multicenter trial is ongoing and continuing to accrue

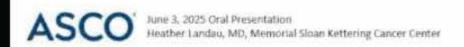




# Relapsed/Refractory AL Amyloidosis: ~23,000 U.S. Patients with No FDA Approved Drugs<sup>1</sup>

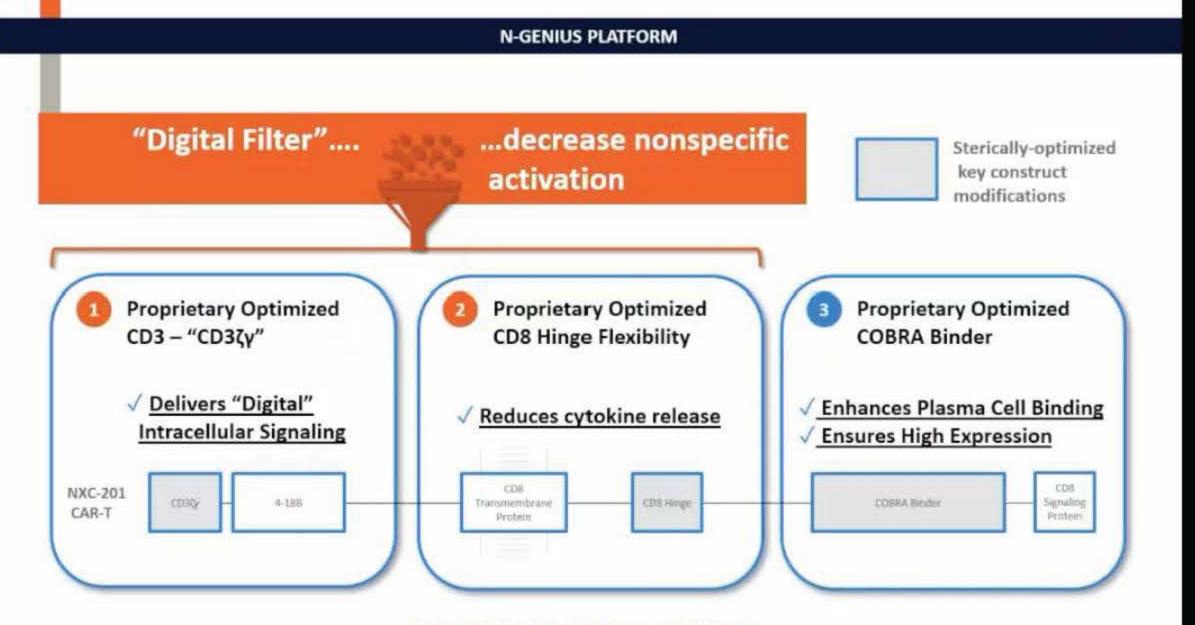


- 1. Quock et al. Blood Adv. 2018.
- 2. Kastritis et al. NEJM 2021.

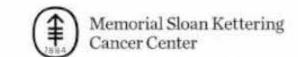




# NXC-201: Sterically-Optimized CAR-T construct



Manufacturing time: 10 days



<sup>1.</sup> Harush O et al. Haematologica 2022.

<sup>2.</sup> Lebel E et al. JCO 2024.

# NEXICART-2: First CAR-T Trial Designed For R/R AL Amyloidosis (NCT06097832)

#### Study design

- Open-label, single-arm, multi-site phase 1/2 study
- n=40 patients

<ul> <li>Exposed to at least 1 line of therapy, including CD38 monoclonal antibody proteosome inhibitor</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Measurable hematologic disease, defined by one of the following:</li> <li>dFLC* &gt;50 mg/L (or 5 mg/dl)</li> <li>M-spike &gt; 0.5 g/dl</li> </ul>
- dFLC* >20 mg/L (or 2 mg/dl) with abnormal k/l ratio <sup>1</sup>
Prior anti-BCMA directed therapy
* Cardiac: Mayo stage 3b, NYHA class III/IV

\* dFLC = difference between the involved and uninvolved free light chain

#### **Outcome** measures

Concomitant Symptomatic Multiple Myeloma

#### Phase 1

- Safety
- Efficacy: Complete hematologic response (CR)
   based on validated criteria<sup>2,3</sup>

#### Phase 2

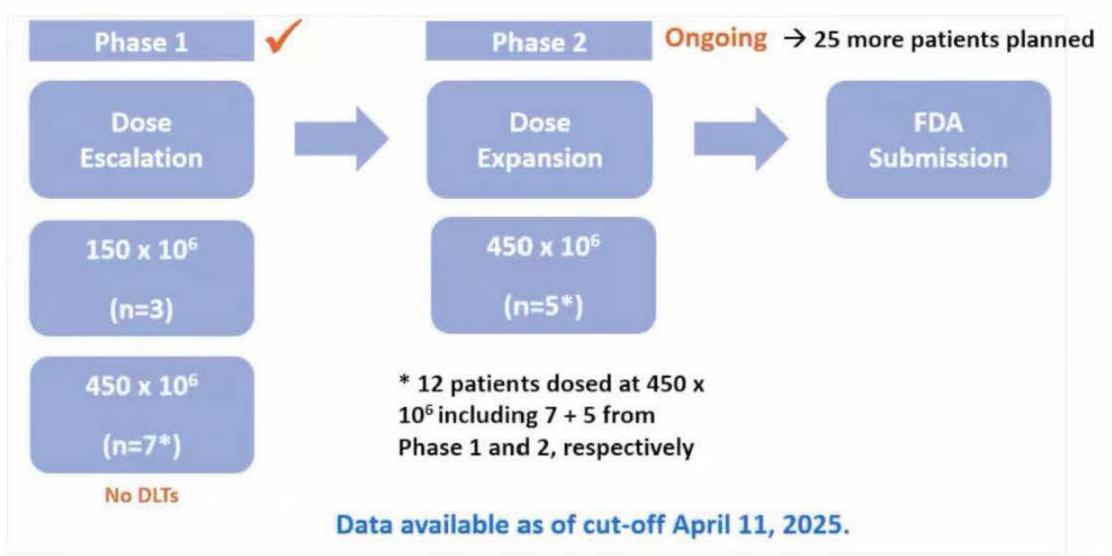
- Efficacy: CR based on validated criteria in AL amyloidosis<sup>2,3</sup>
- Safety

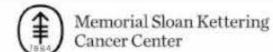
- 1. Milani et al. Blood 2017.
- 2. Palladini G et al. JCO 2012.
- 3. Palladini G et al. Amyloid 2021.



#### **NEXICART-2: Status**

#### Open to accrual June 2024





#### **NEXICART-2: Patient Characteristics**

	NX2-001	NX2-002	NX2-003	NX2-004	NX2-005	NX2-006	NX2-007	NX2-008	NX2-009	NX2-010	Median (range)
Age	56	67	82	64	62	72	77	66	63	80	67 (56-82)
Gender	Female	Female	Male	Female	Female	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	-
Prior lines of therapy	4*	6**	2	4	4*	3	12*	4*	4*	3*	4 (2-12)
dFLC (mg/L)	65	24	- 49	86	42	26	47	121	84		56 (24-121
M-spike (g/d1) ¥	8		0.79	-	+	8			6	0.65	
Organ involvement	Heart	Heart/GI/ nerve	Kidney	Heart/GI	Kidney	Heart	Nerve	Heart	Heart	Kidney/ Heart	æ:
NYHA stage		11	1	T T	1	1	1	11	1	II II	
NT-ProBNP (ng/L)	146	560	1,297	218	805	989	143	909	289	290	425 (143-1,297
hs-Troponin-I (ng/L)	7	6	42	7	9	31	14 <sup>†</sup>	47	6	52	9 (6-52)
Mayo Stage At Diagnosis	11	11	11	Illa	1	Illa	1	11	ШЬ	Illa	
At Enrollment	1	В		T_		Illa		Illa	- 1	Н	-
Creatinine (mg/dL)	0.7	1.1	2.2	1.8	2.7	0.8	1.3	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0 (0.7- 2.7)
Albuminuria (mg/24 hrs)	143	0	3,032	10	10,274	0	135	360	13	2,153	143 (0-10,274

<sup>\*</sup> Prior autologous stem cell transplantation (ASCT)



<sup>\*\*</sup> Two prior ASCT

<sup>¥</sup> M-spike value if used as measurable disease

# **NEXICART-2: Safety**

#### CRS and ICANS reported according to ASTCT Consensus Grading

Subje ct		NX2-001	NX2-002	NX2-003	NX2-004	NX2-005	NX2-006	NX2-007	NX2-008	NX2-009	NX2-010	Mediar (Range
Dose	CART Cell Dose (x10 <sup>6</sup> )	150	150	150	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	: +
	CRS	None	None	Grade 2	Grade 1	Grade 1	Grade 1	Grade 1	Grade 1	Grade 1	Grade 1	1 (1-2)
	CRS Onset (days)	None	None	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	3	1 (1-3
	CRS Duration (days)	None	None	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	2	1 (1-4)
	Neurotoxicity	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	340
Othe r	Neutropenia	Grade 3	Grade 3	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 4	Grade 2	Grade 4	Grade 4	Grade 4	Grade 2	4 (2-4)
	Febrile Neutropenia	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	Grade 3	None	None	1721
	Anemia	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 1	Grade 3	Grade 1	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 1	Grade 1	1 (1-3)
	Thrombo- cytopenia	Grade 1	Grade 1	Grade 1	Grade 1	Grade 3	Grade 2	None	Grade 4	Grade 3	Grade 1	1 (1-4)
	Acute kidney injury	None	None	None	None	Grade 4*	None	None	None	None	None	ne.
	LFT Abnormalities	Grade 2	None	None	None	None	None	None	Grade 1	None	None	75
	≥ Grade 3 Infections	None	Grade 3	Grade 3	None	Grade 5*	None	None	None	None	None	ve.
	Fatigue	None	Grade 2	Grade 2	Grade 2	None	Grade 1	None	None	None	None	2 (1-2
	Cardiac Event	None	None	None	Grade2 <sup>Y</sup>	None	None	None	None	None	Grade 2 <sup>¥</sup>	ne.

CRS = cytokine release syndrome

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>¥</sup> Two patients with pre-existing atrial fibrillation experienced transient arrythmias response to beta-blockers

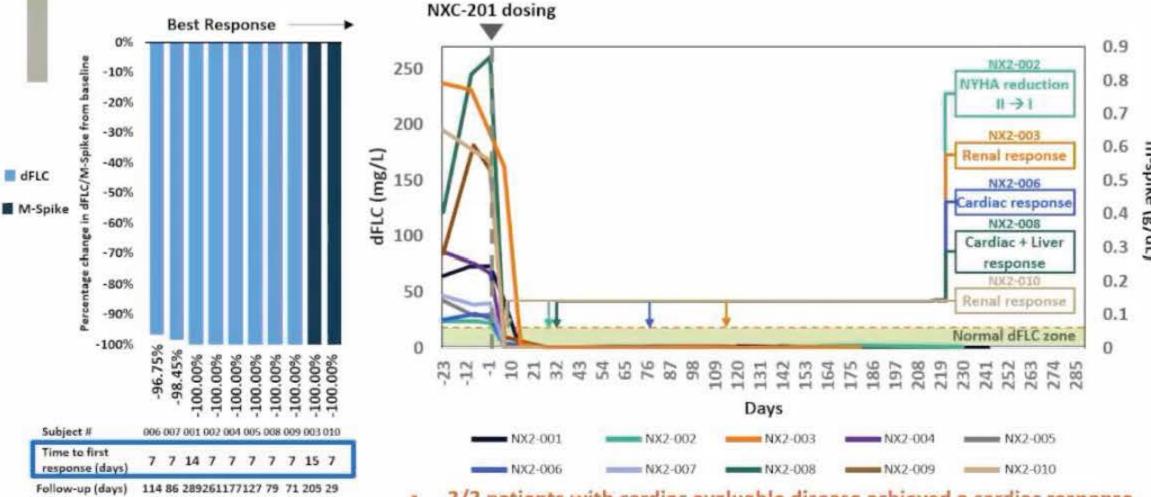


<sup>\*</sup>Acute on chronic kidney injury in patient with stage 4 CKD at enrollment

#### **NEXICART-2: Results**

Data available as of cut-off April 11, 2025. Median follow up 121 days (range 29-289).

#### Rapid normalization of pathologic paraprotein associated with organ responses

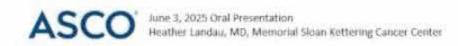


- All patients' disease marker normalized as of data cut-off or last follow up
- Immunofixation may persist for longer
- 2/2 patients with cardiac evaluable disease achieved a cardiac response (at month 1 and 3)
- 2/3 patients with renal evaluable disease responded (at month 1 and 4)
- Renal progression in 1 patient within first month; no cardiac progression
- 1 patient improved from NYHA class II to class I at day +15



# ... In Patient's Own Words (day +15)

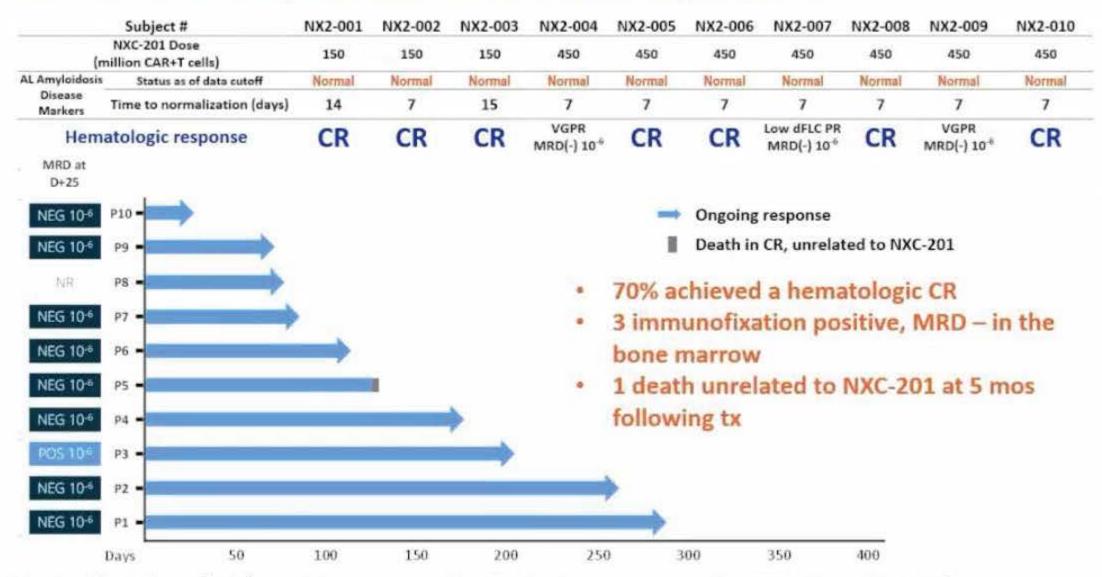
"Hi Dr Landau! Here we are a week tomorrow since I left the hospital (At day 10 after those magic CAR-T cells came on board)! Just had to tell you I've been very happily & comfortably walking 2-3+ miles each day & doing great on the inclines (even the cross overs on the River walk!) as we explore different nooks & crannies & sidewalk cafes of the beautiful Upper East Side!!! (Eating plenty at those cafes too!) I know you said CAR-T should be easier than stem cell transplant, & that has proven to be more accurate than I could have hoped for!! The hospital path was so much smoother & less eventful than the stem cell days! I never thought I'd be feeling this strong & vibrant, just 15 days after my CAR-T cell infusion!! Nor did I ever guess that I'd be feeling stronger & experiencing less of that horrible leg fatigue, shortness of breath & chest tightness, that was ever increasing & weighing me down for the months preceding this!! AMAZING & truly beyond my wildest dreams!! My family & I can never thank you & your teams enough for all you do continuously to bring these amazing treatment options to us, & for the amazing beautiful way you guide us through! I'd be happy to share my experience with other patients considering CAR- T cells, if that's an option at some point. See you soon! 👺 🍔 🦾 "





# **NEXICART-2:** hematologic responses as reviewed by an independent review committee

Data available as of cut-off April 11, 2025. Median follow up 121 days (range 29-289).



Minimal residual disease (MRD) negativity was assessed by 10-color flow cytometry or clonoSEQ with sensitivity 10-6



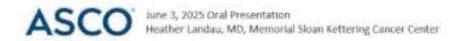
Roshal M et al. Blood Advances 2017.

Palladini G et al. JCO 2012.

#### Conclusion

- NXC-201 can be administered safely & efficiently to patients with R/R AL amyloidosis population without a single FDA-approved treatment available who have a true unmet medical need
  - All (100%) received treatment with a vein-to-vein time 14 days
  - Low grade CRS and no neurotoxicity of any kind
- All (100%) experienced rapid and deep hematologic responses, median time to first & best response 7 + 26 days, respectively
  - At day+25, 8/9 evaluable patients MRD negative (10-6 sensitivity)
  - 70% hematologic CR rate at early timepoint, but evolving
  - Organ responses documented in 4/5 evaluable patients
  - At a median follow up 121 days (range: 29-289), no hematologic relapse or progression observed

Multicenter trial is ongoing and continuing to accrue to the expansion cohort





#### A Giant Thank You....

- The research staff, clinical teams, apheresis units, cell therapy labs and investigators at each participating site
- The patients and their families



# Thank you for your attention!



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